PAGE

- 95. Diloma athiops is not Monodonta reticularis of Gray; the latter ought to be replaced in catalogue, as I have both.
- 96. Diloma gaimardi is same as D. sulcatus, Wood.
- 96. Trochocochlea mimetica, Hutton, is M. reticularis, Gray.
- 98. Zizyphinus granatus, Chemnitz, is not the same as Z. tigris, Martyn; the granatus of Dunedin Museum is tigris.
- 103. Margarita fulminata should be a Gibbula. Margarita, nov. sp.—Add to catalogue. Perhaps Gibbula inconspicua of Hutton, p. 102.
- 106. Emarginula candida, A. Adams—Add. Emarginula tenui-costata—Add. Tugalia ossea—Add.
- 107. Tectura pileopsis—Add. Tectura fragilis—Add.
- 110. Patella stellaris-Add. Like one named corticata in Dunedin Museum, but not quite.
- 113. Lepidopleurus crocinus, Reeve—Add. This is probably L. empleurus, Hutton.
- 118. Ischnochiton antiquus, Reeve-Add.
- 121. Haminea zealandia and obesa are the same.
- 136. Anatina tasmanica is A. angasii.
- 143. Tellina disculus is not the same as sublenticularis of Sowerby.
- 159. Cardita zealandica is the same as compressa of Reeve.
- 167. Mytilus edulis is neither edulis nor dunkeri of Reeve.
- 171. Pecten vellicatus, Hutton, is the same as convexus, Q and G, and roseapunctatus, Reeve. Adamsia typica—Add.

ART. XXIV.—Additions to the New Zealand Crustacea. By CHARLES CHILTON, B.A.

[Read before the Philosophical Institute of Canterbury, 13th October, 1881.]

Plate VIII.

This paper contains the descriptions of three new species of *Crustacea*, two belonging to the *Brachyura* and one to the *Isopoda*. I also describe the male of a species of *Amphipoda*, the female only having been hitherto known.

BRACHYURA.

Genus Hymenicus, Dana.

(Miers' Cat. N.Z. Crustacea, p. 50.)

Hymenicus marmoratus, sp. nov. Plate VIII., fig. 1.

Carapace smooth, naked and flat; sub-triangular with the sides arched, about as broad as long; front projecting and trilobate. Antero-lateral margin with two teeth, the posterior one sharp, long, and very distinct, the anterior one short and blunt. Abdomen of male sub-triangular, first segment broadest and more or less rectangular, penultimate segment narrower than the preceding, the last segment sub-triangular, rounded at the apex. Anterior legs rather large and swollen; tarsi of the remaining legs somewhat densely haired, the other joints being sparsely haired. Colour—variously marked with white and reddish-brown. Length ·25in.

Hab. Common amongst sea-weed in rock-pools in Lyttelton Harbour.

Though common at Lyttelton Harbour this crab does not appear to have been hitherto described. It is closely allied to *Hymenicus varius*, but differs in the shape of the carapace, in having the two teeth on the anterolateral margin well marked, and also in colour.

Genus Elamena, M.-Edwards.

(Miers' Cat. N.Z. Crustacea, page 52).

Elamena (?) lacustris, sp. nov.

Carapace nearly circular, rather broader than long. Rostrum broad, strongly depressed, concave above, sides parallel, obtusely pointed at the end. Antero-lateral margin of the carapace with two nearly obsolete teeth. Last pair of legs much shorter than the preceding. Colour (in spirit) carapace brown, legs yellowish, spotted with brown. Breadth ·15in.

Hab. Lake Pupuke (fresh water), North Shore, Auckland.

This species is remarkable from the fact that it is an inhabitant of fresh water.

I am somewhat doubtful about referring it to *Elamena*, as I have only seen a single specimen, a female.

Professor Hutton kindly handed over this and the preceding species to me for description.

Types of both have been lodged in the Canterbury Museum.

ISOPODA.

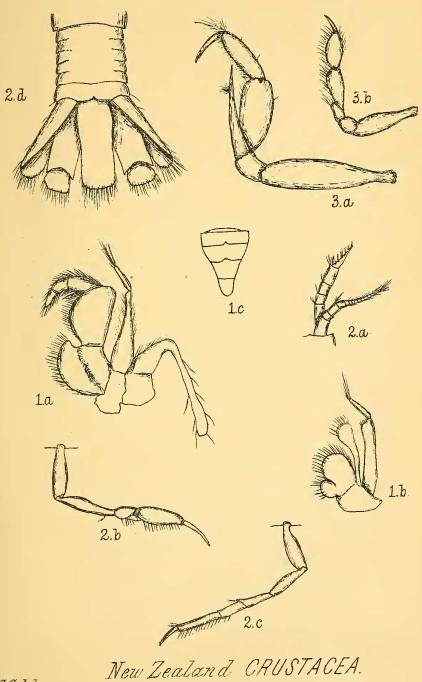
Genus Anthura, Leach.

(Bate's and Westwood's Brit. Sessile-eyed Crust., vol. ii., p. 157.)

Anthura (?) flagellata, sp. nov. Plate VIII., fig. 2.

Body long, slender, sub-cylindrical, thoracic segments sub-equal. Antennæ near equal, the inner one with a distinct flagellum. First three pairs of thoracic legs sub-chelate, the first pair being considerably larger than the

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